

ECE302 – HW3

Jonathan Lam

March 11, 2021

$$\begin{aligned}f_{X,Y}(x,y) &= 2 \\f_X(x) &= 2x \\f_Y(y) &= 2(1-y) \\f_{X|Y}(x | y) &= \frac{1}{1-y} \\f_{Y|X}(x | y) &= \frac{1}{x} \\\mu_X &= E[X] = \frac{2}{3} \\\mu_Y &= E[y] = \frac{1}{3} \\E[X^2] &= \frac{1}{2} \\E[Y^2] &= \frac{1}{6} \\\sigma_X^2 &= E[X^2] - \mu_X^2 = \frac{1}{18} \\\sigma_Y^2 &= E[Y^2] - \mu_Y^2 = \frac{1}{18} \\E[XY] &= \frac{1}{4} \\\sigma_{XY}^2 &= E[XY] - \mu_X\mu_Y = \frac{1}{36} \\\rho_{XY} &= \frac{\sigma_{XY}^2}{\sigma_X\sigma_Y} = \frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

1. $f_X(x) = 2x, f_{Y|X}(y | \frac{1}{3}) = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{3}} = 3$

2. No. $f_{X,Y}(x,y) \neq f_X(x)f_Y(y)$

3.

$$\hat{Y}_{\text{MMSE}}(X) = E[Y | X] = \int_0^x y f(y | x) dy = \frac{X}{2}$$

4.

$$\text{MSE} = E[(\hat{Y}_{\text{MMSE}}(X) - Y)^2] = E \left[\left(\frac{X}{2} - Y \right)^2 \right] = \frac{1}{24}$$
$$b = E[\hat{Y} - Y] = 0 \Rightarrow \text{unbiased (as expected)}$$

5.

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{Y}_{\text{LMMSE}}(X) &= \mu_Y + \rho_{XY} \frac{\sigma_Y}{\sigma_X} (X - \mu_X) \\ &= \frac{X}{2} \quad (= \hat{Y}_{\text{MMSE}}(X)) \\ \text{MSE} &= \sigma_Y^2 (1 - \rho_{XY}^2) = \frac{1}{24} \quad (\text{same as before})\end{aligned}$$