

Project 2 - Transport

Port Scanning

1. What nmap command would perform a scan of the top x most common ports, specifically TCP only? Let the target host be "synprint.com" and x=10.

Answer: `nmap --top-ports 10 synprint.com`

Cut and paste the result of the nmap command below:

```
Nmap scan report for synprint.com (192.241.168.54)
Host is up (0.0057s latency).

PORT      STATE      SERVICE
21/tcp    filtered   ftp
22/tcp    open       ssh
23/tcp    filtered   telnet
25/tcp    filtered   smtp
80/tcp    open       http
110/tcp   filtered   pop3
139/tcp   filtered   netbios-ssn
443/tcp   open       https
445/tcp   filtered   microsoft-ds
3389/tcp  filtered   ms-wbt-server

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 1.35 seconds
```

2. Capture the packets of your nmap run. Save the file as "<date>_nmap.pcap".

Provide the command you used to collect the packets:

Answer: `tcpdump -w 21200218_nmap.pcap`

Dump the textual result of the pcap file below (`tshark -r <pcap_file>`):

```
1 0.000000 192.168.1.187 → 192.168.1.1  DNS 72 Standard query 0x2c56 A synprint.com
2 0.000022 192.168.1.187 → 192.168.1.1  DNS 72 Standard query 0x7354 AAAA synprint.com
3 0.003001 192.168.1.1 → 192.168.1.187  DNS 88 Standard query response 0x2c56 A synprint.com A 192.241.168.54
4 0.003374 192.168.1.1 → 192.168.1.187  DNS 140 Standard query response 0x7354 AAAA synprint.com SOA ns01.domaincontrol.com
5 0.004065 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54  TCP 74 40294 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146012205
TSecr=0 WS=128
```

```
6 0.004089 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 41356 → 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146012205
TSecr=0 WS=128
7 0.010411 192.241.168.54 → 192.168.1.187 TCP 74 80 → 40294 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=28960 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1
TSval=1854221149 TSecr=3146012205 WS=64
8 0.010425 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 66 40294 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=3146012212 TSecr=1854221149
9 0.010431 192.241.168.54 → 192.168.1.187 TCP 74 443 → 41356 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=28960 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1
TSval=1854221149 TSecr=3146012205 WS=64
10 0.010435 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 66 41356 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=3146012212 TSecr=1854221149
11 0.010467 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 66 40294 → 80 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=3146012212
TSecr=1854221149
12 0.010480 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 66 41356 → 443 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=3146012212
TSecr=1854221149
13 0.010596 192.168.1.187 → 192.168.1.1 DNS 87 Standard query 0xec3f PTR 54.168.241.192.in-addr.arpa
14 0.013613 192.168.1.1 → 192.168.1.187 DNS 113 Standard query response 0xec3f PTR 54.168.241.192.in-addr.arpa PTR synprint.com
15 0.013695 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 33208 → 445 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146012215
TSecr=0 WS=128
16 0.013712 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 41360 → 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146012215
TSecr=0 WS=128
17 0.013724 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 40302 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146012215
TSecr=0 WS=128
18 0.013735 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 59336 → 25 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146012215
TSecr=0 WS=128
19 0.013745 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 41576 → 139 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146012215
TSecr=0 WS=128
20 0.013757 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 46986 → 110 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146012215
TSecr=0 WS=128
21 0.013768 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 47924 → 21 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146012215
TSecr=0 WS=128
22 0.013779 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 57352 → 22 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146012215
TSecr=0 WS=128
23 0.013789 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 43522 → 3389 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146012215
TSecr=0 WS=128
24 0.013799 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 54516 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146012215
TSecr=0 WS=128
25 0.021402 192.241.168.54 → 192.168.1.187 TCP 74 22 → 57352 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=28960 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1
TSval=1854221151 TSecr=3146012215 WS=64
26 0.021415 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 66 57352 → 22 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=3146012223 TSecr=1854221151
27 0.021420 192.241.168.54 → 192.168.1.187 TCP 74 80 → 40302 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=28960 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1
TSval=1854221151 TSecr=3146012215 WS=64
28 0.021425 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 66 40302 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=3146012223 TSecr=1854221151
29 0.021428 192.241.168.54 → 192.168.1.187 TCP 74 443 → 41360 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=28960 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1
TSval=1854221151 TSecr=3146012215 WS=64
30 0.021431 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 66 41360 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=3146012223 TSecr=1854221151
31 0.021468 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 66 41360 → 443 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=3146012223
TSecr=1854221151
32 0.021480 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 66 40302 → 80 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=3146012223
TSecr=1854221151
33 0.021487 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 66 57352 → 22 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=64256 Len=0 TSval=3146012223
TSecr=1854221151
34 0.607564 192.168.1.187 → 192.168.1.158 TCP 176 52230 → 8009 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=705 Len=110 TSval=1155283588 TSecr=7281774
[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
35 0.611794 192.168.1.158 → 192.168.1.187 TCP 176 8009 → 52230 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=111 Win=528 Len=110 TSval=7282275
TSecr=1155283588 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
36 0.611835 192.168.1.187 → 192.168.1.158 TCP 66 52230 → 8009 [ACK] Seq=111 Ack=111 Win=705 Len=0 TSval=1155283592 TSecr=7282275
37 0.932089 192.168.1.187 → 192.168.1.169 TCP 176 33522 → 8009 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=614 Len=110 TSval=1818755475 TSecr=6863540
[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
38 0.937463 192.168.1.169 → 192.168.1.187 TCP 176 8009 → 33522 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=111 Win=721 Len=110 TSval=6864041
TSecr=1818755475 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
39 0.937540 192.168.1.187 → 192.168.1.169 TCP 66 33522 → 8009 [ACK] Seq=111 Ack=111 Win=614 Len=0 TSval=1818755481 TSecr=6864041
40 1.019453 208.255.115.145 → 192.168.1.187 TLSv1.2 105 Application Data
41 1.019589 192.168.1.187 → 208.255.115.145 TCP 66 57112 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=40 Win=501 Len=0 TSval=33648639 TSecr=2800984375
42 1.019654 208.255.115.145 → 192.168.1.187 TCP 66 443 → 57112 [FIN, ACK] Seq=40 Ack=1 Win=117 Len=0 TSval=2800984375 TSecr=33528618
43 1.020431 192.168.1.187 → 208.255.115.145 TCP 66 57112 → 443 [FIN, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=41 Win=501 Len=0 TSval=33648640 TSecr=2800984375
44 1.023556 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 [TCP Retransmission] 54516 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1
TSval=3146013225 TSecr=0 WS=128
45 1.023583 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 [TCP Retransmission] 43522 → 3389 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1
TSval=3146013225 TSecr=0 WS=128
46 1.023592 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 [TCP Retransmission] 47924 → 21 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1
TSval=3146013225 TSecr=0 WS=128
47 1.023601 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 [TCP Retransmission] 46986 → 110 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1
TSval=3146013225 TSecr=0 WS=128
48 1.023608 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 [TCP Retransmission] 41576 → 139 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1
TSval=3146013225 TSecr=0 WS=128
49 1.023614 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 [TCP Retransmission] 59336 → 25 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1
TSval=3146013225 TSecr=0 WS=128
50 1.028425 208.255.115.145 → 192.168.1.187 TCP 66 443 → 57112 [ACK] Seq=41 Ack=2 Win=117 Len=0 TSval=2800984385 TSecr=33648640
51 1.115229 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 54518 → 23 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146013316
```

```

TSecr=0 WS=128
 52 1.115637 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 43528 → 3389 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146013317
TSecr=0 WS=128
 53 1.115753 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 47936 → 21 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146013317
TSecr=0 WS=128
 54 1.115797 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 47002 → 110 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146013317
TSecr=0 WS=128
 55 1.115833 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 41596 → 139 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146013317
TSecr=0 WS=128
 56 1.115857 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 59360 → 25 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146013317
TSecr=0 WS=128
 57 1.115881 192.168.1.187 → 192.241.168.54 TCP 74 33240 → 445 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM=1 TSval=3146013317
TSecr=0 WS=128

```

3. Write a script/program in a language of your choice to parse the resulting pcap file, process the parsed results, and create the same output as what nmap generated. Make sure you can handle the at least 2 states: open and filtered. Your output should look something like the following:

```

PORT  STATE SERVICE
21/tcp filtered ftp
22/tcp open  ssh
23/tcp closed telnet
...

```

Cut and paste the analysis program/script below:

nmap_analysis.sh

```

#!/bin/sh

ip_addr=$(ip address show | grep "192.168.[0-9]\+\.[0-9]\+" -o | head -n 1)
open=$(tshark -r $1 | grep "$2.\+$ip_addr.\+\[SYN, ACK\]" | awk '{print $8}' | sort -n | uniq)
attempted=$(tshark -r $1 | grep "$ip_addr.\+$2.\+\[SYN\]" | grep -oP '[0-9]+(?:= \[SYN\])+' | sort -n | uniq)

printf "%12s\t%8s\t%s\n" "PORT" "STATE" "SERVICE"
for port in $attempted
do
  if [ $(echo "$open" | grep -c "^$port$") -eq 0 ]; then isopen="filtered";
else isopen="open"; fi
  name=$(getent services | grep -oP ".+(?=$port/tcp)" | head -n 1)
  printf "%8s/tcp\t%8s\t%s\n" $port $isopen $name
done

```

Usage: ./nmap_analysis.sh [pcap_in] [dst_ip]

```

$ ./nmap_analysis.sh 21200218_nmap.pcap 192.241.168.54
      PORT          STATE      SERVICE

```

| | | |
|----------|----------|---------------|
| 21/tcp | filtered | ftp |
| 22/tcp | open | ssh |
| 23/tcp | filtered | telnet |
| 25/tcp | filtered | smtp |
| 80/tcp | open | http |
| 110/tcp | filtered | pop3 |
| 139/tcp | filtered | netbios-ssn |
| 443/tcp | open | https |
| 445/tcp | filtered | microsoft-ds |
| 3389/tcp | filtered | ms-wbt-server |

4. Write a script/program in a language of your choice to perform a simple TCP connection to a series of ports, specified from command line as a comma delimited list.

Cut and paste the TCP connection program/script below:

tcp_ports.sh

```
#!/bin/sh

ipdst=$1
ports=$(echo $2 | tr , '\n')

for port in $ports; do
  nc $ipdst $port <<<' ' >/dev/null -w 1
done
```

Usage:./tcp_ports.sh [dst_ip] [port1,port2,...]

5. Putting it all together, write a script that uses tshark (or equivalent) and your programs/scripts from Part 3 and 4 above to perform the function of nmap, without ever running nmap. Your script should accept 2 inputs: target and a comma delimited list of ports to scan.

Cut and paste the analysis program/script below:

```
#!/bin/sh

target="$(dig +short $1)"
ports="$2"

tcpdump -w tmp.pcap 2>/dev/null &
tdpid=$!
sleep 1 # sleep to allow tcpdump to initialize
```

```
# see: https://askubuntu.com/a/746061/433872
./tcp_ports.sh $target $ports
kill $tdpid
wait $tdpid

./nmap_analysis.sh tmp.pcap $target

rm tmp.pcap
```

Run your script using target="github.com" and ports="21,22,23,25,80,443" and cut and paste the output below:

```
$ ./nmap_copy.sh github.com 21,22,23,25,80,443
      PORT      STATE  SERVICE
21/tcp    filtered  ftp
22/tcp    open     ssh
23/tcp    filtered  telnet
25/tcp    filtered  smtp
80/tcp    open     http
443/tcp   open     https
```